# 510(k) SUBSTANTIAL EQUIVALENCE DETERMINATION DECISION SUMMARY DEVICE ONLY TEMPLATE

#### **A.** 510(k) Number:

k041687

#### **B.** Purpose for Submission:

New Device

#### C. Analyte:

Quality Control Material (assayed and unassayed) and Calibrator Material

#### **D.** Type of Test:

NA

#### E. Applicant:

**Abbott Laboratories** 

#### F. Proprietary and Established Names:

Abbott ARCHITECT® Estradiol Controls (LN 6C22)

Abbott ARCHITECT® Estradiol Controls (LN 2K25)

Abbott AxSYM® Estradiol Controls

Abbott FSH Controls

Abbott ARCHITECT® LH Controls

Abbott ARCHITECT® Prolactin Controls

Abbott ARCHITECT® Progesterone Controls

Abbott ARCHITECT® Estradiol Calibrators

#### **G.** Regulatory Information:

#### 1. Regulation section:

21 CFR 862.1660

21 CFR 862.1150

#### 2. Classification:

Controls – Class I

Calibrator - Class II

#### 3. Product Code:

JJX

JIT

#### 4. Panel:

75 Chemistry

#### H. Intended Use:

#### 1. Intended use(s):

Abbott ARCHITECT® Estradiol Controls (LN 6C22) are for the verification of the accuracy and precision of the ARCHITECT *i* System when used for the quantitative determination of estradiol in human serum and plasma. Abbott ARCHITECT® Estradiol Controls (LN 2K25) are for the verification of the accuracy and precision of the ARCHITECT *i* System when used for the quantitative determination of estradiol in human serum and plasma. Abbott AxSYM® Estradiol Controls are for the estimation of test precision and the detection of systematic analytical deviations of the AxSYM system when used for the quantitative determination of estradiol in human serum. Abbott FSH Controls are for the verification of the precision and accuracy of the ARCHITECT, AxSYM and IMx systems when used for the quantitative determination of follicle stimulating hormone (FSH) in human serum and plasma.

Abbott ARCHITECT® LH Controls are for the verification of the accuracy and precision of the ARCHITECT *i* System when used for the quantitative determination of human luteinizing hormone (LH) in human serum and plasma.

Abbott ARCHITECT® Prolactin Controls are for the verification of the accuracy and precision of the ARCHITECT *i* System when used for the quantitative determination of prolactin in human serum and plasma. Abbott ARCHITECT® Progesterone Controls are for the verification of the accuracy and precision of the ARCHITECT *i* System when used for the quantitative determination of progesterone in human serum and plasma. Abbott ARCHITECT® Estradiol Calibrators are for the calibration of the ARCHITECT *i* System when used for the quantitative determination of estradiol in human serum and plasma.

#### 2. Indication(s) for use:

Abbott ARCHITECT® Estradiol Controls (LN 6C22) are devices intended for use in the ARCHITECT® Estradiol assay test system to eliminate test precision and to detect systematic analytical deviations that are used in the quantitative determination of estradiol in human specimens. Estradiol measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of various hormonal sexual disorders and in assessing placental function in complicated pregnancy. Abbott ARCHITECT® Estradiol Controls (LN 2K25) are devices intended for use in the ARCHITECT® Estradiol assay test system to eliminate test precision and to detect systematic analytical deviations that are used in the quantitative determination of estradiol in human specimens. Estradiol measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of various hormonal sexual disorders and in assessing placental function in complicated pregnancy. Abbott AxSYM Estradiol Controls are devices intended for use in the AxSYM® Estradiol assay test system to estimate test precision and toe detect systematic analytical deviations that are used in the quantitative determination of estradiol in human specimens. Estradiol measurements are used in the

diagnosis and treatment of various hormonal sexual disorders and in assessing placental function in complicated pregnancy.

Abbott FSH Controls are devices intended for use in the ARCHITECT, AxSYM, and IMx FSH test systems to estimate test precision and to detect systematic analytical deviations that are used in the quantitative determination of follicle-stimulating hormone (FSH) in human specimens. FSH measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of pituitary gland and gonadal disorders.

Abbott ARCHITECT® LH Controls are devices intended for use in the ARCHITECT LH assay test system to estimate test precision and to detect systematic analytical deviations that are used in the quantitative determination of luteinizing hormone (LH) in human specimens. LH measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of gonadal function.

Abbott ARCHITECT® Prolactin Controls are devices intended for use in the ARCHITECT Prolactin assay test system to estimate test precision and to detect systematic analytical deviations that are used in the quantitative determination of prolactin in human specimens. Prolactin measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of disorders of the anterior pituitary gland or of the hypothalamus portion of the brain.

Abbott ARCHITECT® Progesterone Controls are devices intended for use in the ARCHITECT® Progesterone assay test system to estimate test precision and to detect systematic analytical deviations that are used in the quantitative determination of pregesterone in human specimens. Progesterone measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of disorders of the ovaries or placenta.

Abbott ARCHITECT® Estradiol Calibrators are devices intended for use in the ARCHITECT® Estradiol assay test system to establish points of reference that are used in the quantitative determination of estradiol in human specimens. Estradiol measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of various hormonal sexual disorders and in assessing placental function in complicated pregnancy.

# 3. Special condition for use statement(s): For prescription use

4. <u>Special instrument Requirements:</u> ARCHITECT *i* System, AxSYM System or IMx system.

#### I. Device Description:

Abbott Immunoassay/Clinical Chemistry Single Analyte Quality Materials (assayed) are devices intended for medical purposes for use in Abbott test systems to estimate precision and to detect systematic deviations that are used in the quantitative determination of values in the measurement of substances in human specimens. Abbott ARCHITECT® Estradiol Calibrators are devices intended for medical purposes for use in Abbott test systems to establish points of reference that are used

in the quantitative determination of values in the measurements of substances in human specimens.

#### J. Substantial Equivalence Information:

#### 1. Predicate device name(s):

IMx® Estradiol Controls

Abbott FSH Controls

AxSYM LH

**AxSYM Prolactin** 

Abbott Immunoassay- MCC Control

ARCHITECT® Estradiol Calibrators

#### 2. Predicate k number(s):

k951629

k935612

k935611

k935675

k990017

k032458

#### 3. Comparison with predicate:

#### ARCHITECT® Estradiol Control (LN 6C22)

Similarities		
Item	Device	Predicate
Intended Use	Quality Control Material	Quality Control Material
Matrix	Serum or Plasma	Serum or Plasma
Analyte	Estradiol	Estradiol
Reference	Standardized to an internal	Standardized to an internal
	reference	reference
Storage	2 to 8° C	2 to 8° C
Differences		
Item	Device	Predicate
Level and/or	2 levels: 90 and 600 pg/mL	3 levels: 150, 500 and 1125
Ranges		pg/mL

#### ARCHITECT® Estradiol Control (LN 2K25)

Similarities		
Item	Device	Predicate
Intended Use	Quality Control Material	Quality Control Material
Matrix	Serum or Plasma	Serum or Plasma
Analyte	Estradiol	Estradiol
Storage	2 to 8° C	2 to 8° C

Differences		
Item	Device	Predicate
Level and/or	3 levels: 45, 190 and 600	3 levels: 150, 500 and 1125
Ranges	pg/mL	pg/mL

#### AxSYM® Estradiol Control

Similarities				
Item	Device	Predicate		
Intended Use	Quality Control Material	Quality Control Material		
Matrix	Serum	Serum		
Analyte	Estradiol	Estradiol		
Storage	2 to 8° C	2 to 8° C		
	Differences			
Item	Device	Predicate		
Level and/or	3 levels: 85, 300 and 700	3 levels: 150, 500 and 1125		
Ranges	pg/mL	pg/mL		

#### Abbott FSH Controls

Similarities		
Item	Device	Predicate
Intended Use	Quality Control Material	Quality Control Material
Matrix	Serum or Plasma	Serum or Plasma
Analyte	Follicle Stimulating	Follicle Stimulating
	Hormone	Hormone
Level or Range	3 Levels: 5, 25 and 75	3 Levels: 5, 25 and 75
	mIU/mL	mIU/mL
Storage	2 to 8° C	2 to 8° C
Differences		
Item	Device	Predicate

## ARCHITECT® LH Controls

Similarities			
Item	Device	Predicate	
Intended Use	Quality Control Material	Quality Control Material	
Matrix	Serum or Plasma	Serum or Plasma	
Analyte	Luteinizing Hormone	Luteinizing Hormone	
Storage	2 to 8° C	2 to 8° C	
Differences			
Item	Device	Predicate	
Level and/or	3 levels: 5, 40 and 80	3 levels: 5, 40 and 80	
Ranges	mIU/mL are for 3.3-6.8, 27-	mIU/mL are for 3.5-6.5, 30-	
	53 and 54-106 mIU/mL	50 and 57-103 mIU/mL	
	respectively	respectively	

### ARCHITECT® Prolactin Controls

Similarities			
Item	Device	Predicate	
Intended Use	Quality Control Material	Quality Control Material	
Matrix	Serum or Plasma	Serum or Plasma	
Analyte	Prolactin	Prolactin	
Storage	2 to 8° C	2 to 8° C	
Differences			
Item	Device	Predicate	
Level and/or	3 levels: 8, 20 and 40	3 levels: 8, 20 and 40	
Ranges	ng/mL are for 6.2-9.8, 15.4-	ng/mL are for 6-10, 16-24	
	24.6 and 30.8-49.2 ng/mL	and 32-48 ng/mL	
	respectively	respectively	

# ARCHITECT® Progesterone Controls

Similarities			
Item	Device	Predicate	
Intended Use	Quality Control Material	Quality Control Material	
Matrix	Serum or Plasma	Serum or Plasma	
Analyte	Progesterone	Progesterone	
Storage	2 to 8° C	2 to 8° C	
Differences			
Item	Device	Predicate	
Level and/or	3 levels: 0.9, 5.0 and 217	3 levels: 1.1, 8.7 and 25.5	
Ranges	ng/mL are for 0.6-1.2, 3.7-	are for 0.9-1.3, 7.0-10.4 and	
	6.3 and 16.1-27.3 ng/mL	19.4-31.6 ng/mL	
	respectively	respectively	

#### ARCHITECT® Estradiol Calibrators

Similarities			
Item	Device	Predicate	
Intended Use	Calibrator	Calibrator	
Matrix	Serum or Plasma	Serum or Plasma	
Analyte	Estradiol	Estradiol	
Reference	Standardized to an internal	Standardized to an internal	
	reference	reference	
Storage	2 to 8° C	2 to 8° C	
	Differences		
Item	Device	Predicate	
Level and/or	6 Levels: 0, 50, 100, 250,	2 Levels: 0 and 1600 pg/mL	
Ranges	500 and 1000 pg/mL		

#### K. Standard/Guidance Document Referenced (if applicable):

NCCLS Protocol EP5-T2.12

FDA Guidance for Industry "points to Consider Guidance Document on Assayed and Unassayed Quality Control Material" February 3, 1999.

#### L. Test Principle:

NA

#### M. Performance Characteristics (if/when applicable):

- 1. Analytical performance:
  - a. Precision/Reproducibility:

Abbott ARCHITECT® Estradiol (LN 6C22) precision was determined using 2 lots of reagents in replicates at two separate times per day for 20 days on two instruments. The average coefficients of variation for the first and second level was 6.48% and 3.05% respectively.

Abbott ARCHITECT® Estradiol Controls (LN 2K25) precision was determined using 3 control levels (low, medium and high) on three lots of reagents in replicates at two separate times per day for 20 days on two instruments. The average % coefficients of variation for the three levels were 6.56, 2.32 and 2.03%.

Abbott AxSYM® Estradiol Controls precision was determined using 3 controls (low, medium and high) on two instruments using 3 buffer-based panel members and 4 processed human serum-based panel members were analyzed in replicates at two separate times per day for 20 days with two lots. The average % coefficient of variation for the three levels were 9.95, 5.9, 6.85, 12.95, 8.93, 6.08 and 6.63% respectively.

Abbott FSH Controls precision was determined using 3 levels on two lots of reagents in replicates at two separate times per day for 20

days on two instruments. The average % coefficient of variation for the three levels were 4.03, 3.68 and 3.73%.

Abbott ARCHITECT® LH Controls precision was determined using 3 levels on two lots of reagents in replicates at two separate times per day for 20 days on two instruments. The average % coefficient of variation for the three levels were 3.6, 3.1 and 2.95%. Abbott ARCHITECT® Prolactin Control precision was determined using 3 levels on one lots of reagents in replicates at two separate times per day for 20 days on two instruments. The average % coefficient of variation for the three levels were 4.55, 3.9and 4.45%. Abbott ARCHITECT® Progesterone Controls precision was determined using 3 levels on two lots of reagents in replicates at two separate times per day for 20 days on two instruments. The average % coefficient of variation for the three levels were 5.58, 2.55 and 2.78%.

- b. Linearity/assay reportable range: NA
- $c. \quad \textit{Traceability (controls, calibrators, or method)/stability:}$

Abbott ARCHITECT® Estradiol Controls (LN 6C22 and LN2K25) traceable to internal reference (secondary) standard.

Abbott AxSYM® Estradiol Controls are traceable to Abbotts manufactured internal reference (primary) standards for AxSYM Estradiol.

Abbott FSH Controls are traceable to a WHO FSH 2<sup>nd</sup> International Standard.

Abbott ARCHITECT® LH Controls are traceable to a WHO Luteinizing Hormone 2<sup>nd</sup> International Standard 80/522 at each concentration.

Abbott ARCHITECT® Prolactin Controls are traceable to a WHO Prolactin 3<sup>rd</sup> International Standard 84/500 for each concentration.

Abbott ARCHITECT® Progesterone Controls are traceable to a progesterone USP standard.

Abbott ARCHITECT® Estradiol Calibrators are traceable to an Abbott Internal Reference Standard.

Stability: Real time stability studies have been conducted and the expiration for each of the control/calibrator is listed below.

Abbott ARCHITECT® Estradiol Controls (LN 6C22)- 10 months

Abbott ARCHITECT® Estradiol Controls (LN 2K25)- 9 months Abbott AxSYM® Estradiol Controls- 10 months Abbott FSH Controls-15 months Abbott ARCHITECT® LH Controls- 10 months Abbott ARCHITECT® Prolactin Controls- 4 months Abbott ARCHITECT® Progesterone Controls- 12 months at - 10° C and 21 days at 2-8° C.

d. Detection limit:

NA

e. Analytical specificity:

NA

f. Assay cut-off:

NA

#### 2. Comparison studies:

a. Method comparison with predicate device:

NA

b. Matrix comparison:

NA

#### 3. Clinical studies:

a. Clinical sensitivity:

NA

b. Clinical specificity:

NΔ

c. Other clinical supportive data (when a and b are not applicable): NA

#### 4. Clinical cut-off:

NA

#### 5. Expected values/Reference range:

Refer to the package insert for the assigned values and ranges.

#### N. Conclusion:

The submitted information in this premarket notification is complete and supports a substantial equivalence decision.